of this judicial investigation of it (and I have not ventured to give any positive opinion before), be summed up in a few words: Joseph Morris, a very ambitious negro of bad character, desired to be a great man among the people of his race and to live without work. He there-fore undertook to organize the blacks of 19 counties of this State into military companies, hoping that when they were so organized they would elect him to be a general and to command them. At the same time, there was collected from each member of these companies an initia-tion fee, which, it is probable, he converted to his own use. In order to induce the negroes to join his com es, he promised them many things, such as lands. places in the jury boxes, &c.; represented to them that were not enjoying all the rights they were entitled to, and in this way had begun to stir up some discontent, his object being waolly a personal and selfish one. Some of his lieutenants, like Merkerson, probably exaggerated among the negroes, they were asked to explain how it was that the lands were to be obtained and so-called rights secured, gave some of the original explanations to which the poor dupes have testified. I don't believe that it was ever contemplated to attack the white people or

to do any violence. These proceedings of the negroes were secretly con ducted, and exaggerated reports of their character and objects reached the white people, and caused great apprehension. This was increased by the character of the confessions of some of the negroes first arrested, and matters looked so threatening that the Governor visited this region in person. From the evidence laid before him he was apparently impressed with the belief that there must be some fire where there was so much smoke -how little has been shown by the result of this trial.

PERSONAL.

Gov. Tilden left the city yesterday afternoon Gov. Hartranft, in response to an invitation,

consents to visit the Chester County Agricultural Fair, to be held at West Chester, Penn., this week. Messrs. Moody and Sankey have been invited by the Young Men's Christian Association and the minusters of Baltimore to visit that city and hold a series of re-

Prof. D. A. Woodward of Baltimore has nearly completed his full-length portrait of the late Johns Hopkius. It was painted for the Maryland Insti-tute School of Art and Design.

Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge has just returned to her home at Waverley, N. J., from her summering in the Adirondacks, with her health entirely restored. She has resumed her editorial labors. When the Rev. Dr. Storrs preached in Latch-

field, Conn., recontly, the desire to hear him was so general, all the other churches in the place were nearly de-President Grant has signified his intention to L'Hote

be present at the reunion of the Army of the Cumber-land at Urica on thei 15th and 15th of this month. He will be the guest of Senator Conkling. No firm suffering from financial embarrassments at the present time has received more kindly sympathy than have Messrs. Lee & Shapard of Boston.

That they deserve it all is proved by the statement now circulating that when firms burned out by the Chicago fire sent word that they could not pay their indebtedness to the Boston house, amounting to nearly \$15,000, blesses, Lee & Shepard immediately forwarded receipted bills for the amount. Mr. Charles Lanman, the well-known author of the "Dictionary of Congress," "Private Life of Daniel Webster," &c., has now nearly ready for the press, and will publish at an early day, "Biographical Annals of the Civil Government of the United States during its

Pirst Centary," from original and official sources. The work will contain about 7,000 biographical sketches and 5,000 additional names of persons who have been con-MEMPHIS. Tenn., Sept. 7 .- Mr. Davis met

with cordial receptions at the various towns en route De Soto, Mo., where he will address the Agricultural Far-to-morrow. At Columbus and Belmont he was greeted by large crowds, and made short speeches at ooth places.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Senator Thurman is said to have made his last speech in the Onio campaign. He would be a good deal better off to-day if he had made none at all.

Some of the inflation journals in Ohio are trying to make Democratic votes by saying that if the Republicans carry the State, Judge Alphonso Taft will be made Secretary of the Interior. If that report could be proved true it would make a good many thousand Republican votes in other States than Ohlo.

There is still a Liberal Republican party in Massachusetts. Its State Committee met in Boston hast Saturday, and appointed the Hon. F. W. Bird and three other gentlemen to the task of preparing an address to the people. Judging from Mr. Bird's avowed leaning to-ward-the Democracy, the address is likely to be a docu-ment not especially damaging to Gov. Gaston.

Public sentiment concerning Mr. Delano and The Philadelphia Inquirer when it saws: "It is doubtful Frederick, who are splendid specimens of physica if it be worth while for Mr. Weish or other honorable development. They do some new feats, which are gentlemen to waste powder further on these buzzards of graceful and entertaining. Two infants also apthe Indian Bureau. They were brought down long ago by a decent public opinion, and anything additional there is a young lady who walks the tight-rope, plays by a decent public opinion, and anything additional proved against them cannot render them more obnaxious than they already are in the estimation of their countrymen. All that is demanded now is that in distonor they shall be compelled to vacate the piaces their maladministration has disgraced."

Wyoming Territory, and the result has not been very significant in any direction. The Rocky Mountain News thus speaks of the practical results: "As to the effects of suffrage on the ladies, there are almost as many opinions as there are people in Wyoming. The majority, however, declare themselves unable to see any change. As far as can be known, the ladies divide their vote between purities as much as men do—nather more, perhals, voting for personal friends. To sum up, the opinion of the best informed is that woman suffrage in Wyoming has resulted in making everything just as it was before, only a little process.

The prospects of large crops in the West and South this Fall have had a very pacifying effect upon the shricker for "more money." The people of those sections see that money will come to tuem just in proportion as they have produce to give in exchange for it, and consequently the journals which were clamoring for an abundant increase of soft money a few weeks ago, are sileut now because they, like their readers, have seen a light. There is little reason to doubt that inflation is less popular in the South and West to-day than it has been for a long time, and if the Republicaus of Olive do their duty and put their feet down hard on the trouble-some infection, there will be good cause to believe that the country has permanently escaped a great danger.

Isn't it rather far-fetched for the Democratic press to make such a hallaballo over their party victory in California 1 Outside of the State there has not been a particle of interest in the contest there. Before the elecin its interest and the result would have no national significance whatever. And they were right in so agreeing Nobody cares how California may vote; the question that interests everybody is how Onio will vote. If that State is carried by the Republicane, it will be very easy to calculate the somificance of the vote in California; and no one knows this better than the Democrats. The attention of the country is concentrated on Onio; all other elections which may come before the great one

THE STATE CANUASS.

Judge Hubbard of Watertown is urged by

The Disputch of that place for the vacant Court of Ap-Ex-Senator Baker of Washington County refuses to keep quiet and allow the unpleasant notoriety his past conduct has provoked to subside. He is laying his plans for a place on the State Committee, and has secured two out of three delegates from his district to the State Convention.

The Republicans of the IIId Assembly District of Monroe County had the good sense to speak their minds freely in regard to Gov. Tilden's reform services. In their meeting to elect delegates to the State Convention they passed unanimously this resolution: the devout thanks of the people are due to the Executive and the committees of investigation for the success which has thus far attended their labors and vigilance in the prosecution of their official duties."

A feeble wail against an anti-Third Term resolution by to-day's Convention comes from The Rockester Express. It says : "Shall the Republicans of New-York State thus stuitify themselves, and by their words of 1875 cast a sinister shadow upon their words and

THE DRAMA.

REOPENING OF THE LYCEUM THEATER-OPERA BOUFFE.

The reopening of the Lyceum Theater was effected, on Monday, and Offenbach's opera bouffe named "Madame L'Archidue" was sung and acted in presence of an assemblage of pleased spectators that filled the bouse. A prominent incident of the representation was a Military Review, in the third act of the opera, which was conducted by Madame Dupare, as Fortunato. A corps of about 100 gayly caparisoned persons, supposed to be a detachment of the army of the Grand Duke, was put through its drill, and these evolutions appeared to afford much pleasure to the spectators The story of the opera relates to the Archduke, Ernest, an imaginary sovereign, who is the object of conspira-cies, and it is told as follows:

cies, and it is told as follows:

Count Castelando, son of an ex-conspirator, is strongly suspected of participation in a movement which threatens the destruction of the reigning powers. An order of arrest has been issued for him, and a is intrusted to Fortunato, a young other of dragoous. To escape from the Archduke's emissaries Count Castelando and his wife induce Giletti and Marietta, two domestics of an inn the neighborthood, at which they are sojourning, and have only recently become man and wife, to take their places, and the first act closes upon the departure of the mock Count and Countess, in charge of the military. The second act revenis Giletti and Marietta vigilantly guarded by Fortunate, who is sensible to mailen beauty, in the hense of the real Count. In due course the Archduke Ernest appears and proceeds to hold a court. On a sentence passed by this tribama, the supposed Castelando and a quartet of conical conspirators are condemned to the p-malties of the Duke's decisions. This Duke is an eccentric old fellow, who takes pleasure in doing the reverse of what every rational being would expect, and from this it happens that, after falling in love with Marietta, and finding that she steadily repulses his said, he creates her, at her own suggestion, Archduke, and commands that she shall be obeyed by all his subjects and dependents. While channingly keeping the verifable sovereign at arm's length. Marietta bends him to all her caeyed by all his subjects and dependents. While maningly keeping the verifable sovereign at arm's math, Mariella bends him to all her estices. She appoints Giletti Prince Cousort, of enriches him with all the spare funds in a kingly treasury. She disolves the Cabinet and process the conspirators to the rank of ministers, in brief, e gratiffs in every way the Archduke's longing for ignality in all things, and with the nerry speciacie of the constant of the constant of the constant of the country of originality in all things, and with the inerry speciacle of a dance the second act terminates. The third is occupied with the attempts of the Archidele to so are a return for the honors he has forsaken and respect, of the has spent. Finally, through the instanmentality of Fortunato, the Archidele gets rid of Giletti by sending him on an embassy, but he gains nothing by the lusband's absence, and Giletti at length returns, at a critical moment. A general clearing up of mistakes takes place, Count Casteinado and Giletti reverse their respective positions, the Archidele regains his

parist: Marietta.....MRe. Geoffrey | Pontohascone..... Mile Dapare Principano M. Castel
Mile Nardynn Frangijano M. Castel
Mile Nardynn Fonnventiira M. Ludevee
M. Dupian Piarodelee M. Adarey
M. De Quercy
M. Hoger Calin sa M. Leclere
M. Gerard Tutt Fratti M. Kremer
M. Benedick

The excellent attributes of this representation are jollity and polish. The one is of spirit; the other is of manner. Every performer who is noted at all is seen to be zealously sympathetic with the jovial feeling of the piece, and each of the prominent artists proves theroughly efficient in execution. A marked example of real burlesque acting arrests attention in the first act, in the doings of the four conspirators, whose selemnity and elegance, in most absard conduct, is the perfection of the indicrous. Three of the actors in this seed, Messrs. Durcy, Castel, and Ludovic, are new to this stage; and the original plan was abandoued, and a decree was issued they contribute taste, tact, and fine humor to an operabouffe company which may fairly be accounted one of the most symmetrical, well-balanced organizations Public of the kind that have been presented in this city Another new comer is Mile. Dupare, who leads the military, and who exemplifies very well indeed the charm of mischlevous drollery, beades being a neat singer. M. Roger makes, likewise, his first acquaintance with th public, and he wins favor by personal comcliness, pre-cision of method in his acting, a meliew, pleasing voice, and refinement in burlesque. The music of "Madame L'Archidue," while it does not rival the showy, sparkling. and captivating metody of some of the earlier operas of M. Offenbuch—such as "La Grand Duchesse" and "La Belle Helene "—evinces the resources of his invention, and is federious in its nice expression of banter, equivoque, and reckless playfulness. The concerted melod; , "Embrasson Nous," the song of roast beef and beer, and Mariette's "Vous officier, et sans moustache" may be cited as peculiarly happy achievements in the manner that is M. Offenbach's own-and in which he is unrivaled. Frolic and wantonness find a voice in some of his strains such as they never, in music, found before. It is not needful, we presume, to indicate that a subtle current of almost alpable deviley runs through the story of "Madame L'Arcaidne;" and those who have seen Madame Geoffrey and M. de Quercy will readily apprehend that these chergetic and reckless far corrs do not fail to make that current pretty obvious, in their performances of the chief parts, Marietta and Gilbeti. The reception accorded to "Madame L'Archidac" has been such as to warrant the anticipation that it will be retained on the Lyceum stage

till the advent of Signor Rossi.

OLYMPIC THEATER. The current bill at the Olympic Theater is The current bill at the Olympic Theater is unusually good. The new features consist of acrobatic feats by the Carlo Family, and eccentric Gerbrand was called on to help in that work. man dialect singing by Mr. George S. Knight. The Carlo his allies is doubtless pretty accurately represented by Family comprises three adults, William, George, and upon a drum, fires a gun-and she does all this without the aid of a balance-pole. Mr. John Hart is, as usual, drolly humorous, in a new farce, and Messrs. West and Queen do their extravagant comic busi-Woman suffrage has had a fair trial in ness in another. Mr. Pat Rooney, Mesers, John son and Bruno, Miss Adah Richmond, and the "Colored Hamtown Students," continue to be amusing in their respective specialties. The performance concludes with the old burlesque of "Plue Board remodeled, without being improved, in which almoof the company participate. Miss Nully Pieris sings a few songs, and Messrs. Harper and Stansill—who only boast two legs between them-sing and dance in a joyous

ROBINSON HALL.

and agile manner.

Mr. Robinson has brought his season of opera bouffe to an end, at this hall, and has leased the place to another manager. Under the new management this hall will be known as the Parisian Varieties. Mr. Robinson's opera bouffe company will, it is probable, travel through the Eastern and Southern States.

DRAMATIC NOTES.

"La Fille de Roland," by Henri de Bornier -a play that was received in Paris with great favor, from the stage of the Theatre Français has been translated into English, and adopted to our stage, by Miss Anne E. Ford of Bathmore.

Miss Clara Morris,-as the play-going public

MICHAEL CONNOLLY'S CRUEL DEATH.

VERDICT OF THE CORONER'S JURY-GEARY, COWEN-HOVEN, REESE, AND HARDY IMPLICATED-BET-

TER CARE OF PRISONERS ADVISED. Coroner Croker resumed the inquest upon the case of M.canel Connoily, who died in the Penicentiary on Blackwell's Island on Aug. 27, yesterday morning at Housten and Mulberry-sts. Dr. Joseph H. Cushman testified that he had made a post-mortem examination of onnolly's body at the Morgue on Aug. 28. Abrasions of the skin were found on the anterior portions of the right Extravassations of blood were seen upon the knees, thighs, left arm and shoulder, and right hand, as if the parts had been heavily beaten by a stick. The witess said that death, in his opinion, was caused

by softening of the brain and serous effusion.

Canries Robb and Martin Bergen, the night watchmen at the Penitentiary, who were said by the convicts who testified to have had Connolly in charge while he was tacked in the dark cell at night, stated that they knew nothing of the case except what they had heard since Connolly's death. John E. Flagier, the storekeeper, and Samuel Nast, the assistant storekeeper at the Penitentiary, testified that they had seen Cowenhoven beating a prisoner cruelly. Daniel H. Kitchen, M. D., chief of the medical staff of Charity Hospital, Blackwell's Island, testified that he examined the body of Connolly on the mornng of his death and found extensive bruises. He asked Deputy Warden Cowenhoven how Connolly was bruised so badly. Cowenhoven said that he was epileptic and frequently fell, and thus injured hinself. The witness added that physicians are detailed to visit the prison and treat the prisoners who report sick.

but it is neither party consistency nor honest treatment of the President, who has never by word or act given occasion for such a course by the party which elected him."

BURNING OF A MANSION A HUNDRED YEARS GLD.

BOSTON, Sept. 7.— The Alden Mansion in Randoiph, Mass., which was over 100 years old, was burned last night. The loss is between \$4,000 and \$5,000.

examination of his body the doctor found bruises that he believed were the result of violence. He had never found such bruises upon a prisoner before. The jury returned

the following verdiet:

That Michael Connolly came to his death by softening of the brain, accelerated by brutal and ill treatment at the hands of keepers Patrick Geary, James T. Covenhoven, Edward M. Reese, and Dennis Hardy; and we exonerate Thomas Reilly and James M. Boyle. We also recommend that the Commissioners of Charities and Correction, as well as the Warden of Blackwell's Island Penitentiary, use care in the selection of keepers, and also in the proper use care in the selection of keepers, and also in the proper care of prisoners who may be sick.

The men who were implicated by the jury were held in \$5,000 to await the action of the Grand Jury. The others who had been in custody were discharged.

WASHINGTON.

AWARDS UPON CLAIMS AGAINST MEXICO. SEVEN DECISIONS BY THE UMPIRE, SIR EDWARD

THORNTON. WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.-The following deci-

sions have been rendered by the umpire, Sir Edward

No. 139—Charles B. Smith agt. Mexico, for arrest and imprisonment by order of a Mexican judge, on a charge of contempt of court.—The Umpire holds that the Mexican Government is not responsible for the illegal acts of inferior indicial authorities when no appeal is made. Dismissed. Dismissed.

No. 142—W. L. Hutchinson agt. Mexico, for a seizure of specie.—Dismissed for want of proof that the claimant was provided with the permit required by Mexican law for carrying specie.

specie.—Dismissed for want of proof that the claimant was provided with the permit required by Mexican law for carrying specie.

No. 144—Wm. C. Tripher agt. Mexico, for destruction of property by the forces of the Liberal Government of Mexico during certain dissensions.—Dismissed, as the claimant did not preserve that neutral character which was to be expected of him.

No. 145—J. D. Pradel agt. Mexico, for injuries done by depriving claimant's farm of its water supply in 1873; for interest on \$30,128, agreed upon to be paid claimant in satisfaction for the first claim; and third, for losses arising out of the destruction of property in 1863.—It being shown that \$30,000 has been paid on the claim, \$128, the residue of the sum agreed upon, was awarded; the rest of the claim was dismissed, the responsibility of the Government not being proven.

No. 149—Treadwell & Co. agt. Mexico, for the supply of arms and munitions of war to the Mexican Government, 1860, 1861, and 1864, under contracts entered into between the claimants, and Quentin Douglass and Gen. Placida Vega as agents of the Mexican Government,—The authority of Douglass and Vega to bind the Mexican Government not being clearly established, nor the existence of the contracts and the delivery of the goods, and the ampère holding that the Commission ought not to take cognizence of such a claim unless the validity of the contracts should be proved by the clearest evidence, and unless gross injustice had been done, the case was dismissed.

No. 154.—Frederick A. Newton agt. Mexico, for rob-

No. 154.—Frederick A. Newton agt. Mexico, for two bery and mailtreatment by Federal troops of Mexico.—Award was made for \$2,000 Mexican gold, without interest, and \$1,000 Mexican gold, with interest at six percent per annum, from Oct. \$, 1858.

No. 186.—Maria B. Jadah, executrix, agt. Mexico, claim arising out of a contract between the Mexican Consul in San Francisco, Cal., professedly acting under instructions from ins Government, and Messes. Cavallier and Chanvileau, two Frenchmen.—Dismissed for want of

CURRENT TOPICS AT THE CAPITAL

SPAIN AT THE CENTENNIAL. WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1875.

The Hon. Caleb Cushing, Minister to Spain, has written to Secretary Fish, staring that the late Spanish Republic resolved that the country should be represented in the Centennial Exhibition, and made an appropriation of 500,000 pesctas, besides appointing two Commissions, one of them being of 90 members When the present Government came into power present Government came into power creating a new Commission composed of the Directors-Public Instruction; of Public Works; of Cus-toms, and of Administration in the Ministry of Ultraints, and the disbursing officer of the Ministry of Fomento; the chief officer the Ministry of Fomento; the chief officer of the Commercial Section of the Ministry of State and two voting members, to be named by the Ministry of Fomento. The representation of Spann in Philadelphia is to be in charge of a Royal Commissary. The expenses arising by reason of the Exposition are to be at the cost of the State, and not to exceed 300,000 peschas. The above decree was followed by three others of the same date, appointing Miguel Lopez Martinez, Royal Commissary, and D. Broullo Antonio Ravura and D. Martano Carderera Vocales, voting members of the Commission, to represent Spain at Phinadelphia.

A STALEMENT FROM MR. COWEN.

A STATEMENT FROM MR. COWEN. Assistant Secretary Cowen furnishes the fol-

lowing statement : Bishop Hare stated in conversation last evening, at the Ebbitt Honse, in this city, that Mr. Weish was alone responsible for the statements in his letters; that none of the other members of the Executive Commutee of the Episcopal Church sympathized with him in als assaults on the Department; that Dr. Dyar, the Charman, and Mr. Rogers, the Secretary of the Committee, would cheerfully testify that they have now, as they have always had, entire confidence in the integrity and good faith of the Secretary and the Commissioner, and that they have never been dictated to, integred with, or cubermased in an improper manner in their management of Indian affairs. The Bishop expressed his own entire sympathy with the Secretary, and his confidence in the integrity of his administration. PRELIMINARY TRIAL OF BROWN.

The preliminary examination of Brown, for the Treasury robbery, was continued to-day. The new | District-Attorney, Mr. Wells, appeared in the case for the Government. The testimony of Henry O. Nayes was taken, to prove that Halleck charged the actual larceny

GRAND JURY QUESTIONS.

WORK OF THE BOARD TO SELECT THE LIST-OBJEC-RECORDER HACKETT'S CHARGE.

Jury list for the coming year held another session vester day at the office of Commissioner Dunlap, and began the work of selecting the list. Mayor Wickham, Chief-Justices Daly and Monell, and Judge Sutherland were present. A long brief, signed by Thomas Dualap as Comalssioner of Jurors, and Alfred J. Taylor and Burton N Harrison of counsel, was submitted yesterday and necepted by the Beard, which disposes of the following questions: 1. Where shall the Board meet † 2. Who shall recognized as the ex-officio clerk to the Board and 3. Who shall furnish the lists of petit jurors from which the grand impressball be selected ! second of these queries is the most elaborate. Its most important part is contained in the following extract, which is intended to meet to issue raised by ex-Commis sioner Douglas Taylor as to the unconstitutiona ity of the clauses of the Charter of 1873 referring to the office of

the Commissioner of Jurors.

The Commissioner is a new officer who has succeeded The Commissioner is a new officer who has succeeded to the duties of the city and ward officers, who, previous to 1847, snapplied the Sheriff and County Clerk with the list of petit jurors. The new functions assigned to him do not make him either a county officer or an officer of any count. In any case, he is reached by the charter of 1873. As the successor of the Assessors or of the Commen Council he became a city officer, and as such he is within the purview of an act to reorganize the local government of the City of New-York. If he is a new officer, the Legislature, which, in creating the office, could designate the mode of his appointment, could afterward enange such mode at its pleasure. Even in this aspect, the duties to be performed by the new officer were a combination of duties, all of which had previously been portormed by various city officers in connection with other duties. And as, in any aspect of the case, the change made by the Charter of 1873 in the mode of the appointment did not affect any vested right, such change is not open to any constitutional objection.

THE GENERAL SESSIONS GRAND JURY IMPANELED.

THE GENERAL SESSIONS GRAND JURY IMPANELED. The Grand Jury of the Court of General Sessions was mpaneled yesterday, James M. Dunoar of No. 7 East Thirty-fifth-st, being selected as foreman. The objection of Wm. F. Howe raised on Monday to the array of grand jurors was renewed yesterday, and was again denied on the grounds stated yesterday.

RECENT BURGLARIES AND ROBBERIES.

The following burglaries and thefts were reported to superintendent Walling yesterday: The parish school at One-hundred-and-thirty-first-st.

and Tenth-ave, was entered early yesterday morning by burglars, who forced open one of the windows. Officer Quinn of the Thirtieth Precinct police, on searching the premises, found Daniel Crawford, age 18, concealed in a closet, and arrested him on the charge of burglary. His

The liquor store of Timothy Baldwin, at No. 74 Laightst., was broken into early yesterday morning by burglars, who cut away the familisht. Officer Donohue of the Fifth Precinct, who had been watching them, arrested James Riley, age 18 years; James Mahoney, age 16 years, and Michael McManon, age 16 years, inside the

The residence of Gardiner Van Reid, at No. 63 West One-hundred-and-twenty-fourth-st., was entered by burgiars yesterday morning, who forced a rear window, and tole sroperty valued at \$233. Mr. Van Reid heard the burglars in the house, but did not disturb them, as he feared personal violence. He also refrained from giving an alarm from the same cause until after the thieves had had time to be out of sight and hearing.

E. L. Peck and Co.'s shoe warehouse, No. 12 Warren-st.,

worth of clothing; and the apartments of Mvs. Bauman, at No. 104 Allen-st., were robbed of \$20 worth of clothing while that lady was away looking at the German process

At the Tombs Police Court yesterday George W. Howard and Thomas Watson, tramps, were arraigned on two charges. Charles H. Taylor of No. 93 Liberty-st. charged them with stealing an overcoat and an iron model for cutting boiler plates, of the value of \$30. Michael O'Malley of the same address charged them with stealing a quantity of lead pipe, brass tubing, plated ware, &c., in all worth \$40. They were each committed in default of \$2,000 bail for the first offense, and held for examination on the other.

MURDER WITH A CART-RUNG.

FATAL TERMINATION OF A QUARREL OF TWO LABOR-

ERS-ESCAPE OF THE MURDERER. Joseph Seiger of No. 78 Frankfort-st. was murdered yesterday morning by John Gartland of Delancey and Mangin-sts. in the leather establishment of Robertson & Hooper at No. 38 Ferry-st. Seiger and Gartland were both laborers, and were employed by th firm mentioned. Gartland had lost his front teeth, and in consequence had acquired the nickname among his always made Gartland angry, and, as near as can be ascertained, the cause of the quarrel yesterday was that Seiger called Gartland by that name. Gartland retorted with a still more offensive epithet, which somewhat angered Seiger, who slapped him on the face. Gartland then went out of the store into the yard, without saying

Gartland returned to the store-room soon after armed with a cart-rung. Without saying a word to Se struck him a blow on the head, from behind, with the heavy weapon. The force of the blow felled Selger to the ground, and the blood began to flow freely from a deep gash in the scalp. Gartland looked at his victim for a moment and then started out of the store and ran in the direction of Peck Slip. None of the witnesses of the aftray had the courage to stop him. Michael Parker and George P. Himste, who saw the assualt, said that Gartland bore so bad a character for violence that they were afraid to interfere; while others with whom Gartland had worked said that he was harmless and inoffensive unless excited by personal abuse. The police at the Oax Street station were informed promptly of the occurrence. Seiger was found to be bleeding badly, but able to express his desire to be taken to his home. A description of the assailant was taken in order that a general alarm might be given. Seiger, soon after he was taken home, fell into an unconscious condition from concussion of the brain, from which he never railied. Coroner Elekhoff visited the house yesterday afternoon in order to take Seiger's from which he never railied. Coroner Eickhoff visited the house yesterday afternoon in order to take Seiger's ante-mortem deposition; but it was found that the injured man was unable either to speak or understand any question put to him, and at about 4 p. m. he died. Seiger was 29 years of age and was of German descent. He is said to have been a quiet, hard-working man, and not at all inclined to quarrel, although very fond of what he thought to be a harmless joke.

THE CITY'S HEALTH.

DECREASE OF SMALL-POX AND INCREASE OF DIPH-THERIA-DR. VANDERPOEL'S IMPROVEMENTS. The Board of Health received the report of

Sanitary Superintendent Day yesterday, stating that the Sanitary Corps made 1.818 inspections during the past week. Among the buildings visited were 2 public buildings, 867 tenements, 196 private dwellings, 80 ledging houses, 10 manufactories, 16 stores and warehouses, 89 stables, and 5 fat-rendering establishments. The Disinfeeting Corps disinfected and famigated 45 dwellings where contagious diseases were found. The Ambulance Corps removed 7 persons sick with small-pox to the hospital. The following is a comparative statement of the number of cases of contagious diseases reported to the

| Work | Ty | Free | Sear | Diph Small | Men | Sear | Diph Small | Dip The report shows a decrease of one-half in the number of cases of small-pox. In the small-pox hospital there are 43 inmates, 21 of whom are native and 22 foreign extraction. There were only five deaths there during the the employes of the small-pox hospital was sent to the Tenth National Bank, at Nussan and Pine-sta, by the Board yesterday. The messenger stated that the officers of the bank recused to receive the warrant, because they did not wish to expose their employes to any chance of

contracting small-pex.

There was a marked increase in the number of cases of diphtheria last week, 72 cases being reported against 39 for the week before. The plan of isolation of natients was favorably snoken of by the members of the Board yesterday, but they have no funds to make the experi-

Peritions were presented by residents in Sixty-third-st, asking that the routes for driving cattle may be chanced from that neighborhood, and by business men in New Churchest, that unarket gardeners be prevented from throwing their refuse into the guiters. Both petitions were referred to Sanitary Superintendent Day. By a resolution of the Board the Sanitary Superintendent was instructed to cause the arrest of any person found violating the ordinances of the Board by dumping or accumulating manure or stable straw within the city limits on and after Sept. C2, 1875.

The Health officer of the Port, Dr. Vandernock, spoke of the improvements that he had made in regard to vessels discharging their cargoes while undergoing amarantine. Consignees, he said, can now discharge their cargoes at Robnin's Roof at a less expense than if they came to the city and paid the port dues.

CHARLEY ROSS ABDUCTION TRIAL.

AN ILLUSTRATION OF THE POLICY OF THE POLICE-INFORMATION WITHHELD FROM ME. BO

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 7.—In the trial of Westervell for complicity in abducting Charley Ross, to-TION TO THE ARRAY OF GRAND JURORS DENHID day, the witnesses examined were Sarah Kerr, Charley 's nurse; Mr. Ross, Detective Moran of New-York, The Board for the selection of the Grand Capt. Heins, and Joseph Ross and Joseph Lewis, uncles of Charley. Nothing very new was elicited, except in the examination of Capt. Heins, who was quesat greal length. His testimony illustrated how the officers worked solely for the ends of justice. A letter was produced from Superintendent Walling, demanding that information about Mosher and Douglass should not be given to Mr. Ross or the Citizena' Committee, lest they should give it to Pinkerton's de tectives. Capt. Wood and Detective Fry were to have the information, so that they alone might "run the

OUT-DOOR SPORTS.

SHOOTING FOR THE MARKSMAN'S BADGE. The members of the regiments of the First Division, N. G., who had qualified to shoot for the marksman's badge, shot for it yesterday at Creedmoor. The 5th Regiment was represented by 22 men under co mand of Capt. Gress, 5 of whom won the badge; the 7th Regiment by 45 men under Capt. Robins; the 8th Regiment, by 125 men under Capt. Lingham, of whom 33 won the badge; the 11th Regiment, by 18 men under Lieut, Lurch, 12 winning the badge; the 12th Regiment, by 43 men under Capt. Burns, 29 winning the badge; the 224 Regiment, by 60 men under Capt. Styles; the a Regiment, by 5 men under Capt. Carton; the 79th coment, by 29 men under Capt. Clark, of whom 20 Regiment, by 29 men under Capt. Cark, of whom 20 won the badge; the 84th Regiment, by 22 men under Capt. McCready, of whom 9 won the badge; the 96th Regiment, by 12 men under Capt. Rodenberg, 6 of whom won the badge; the 71st Regiment, by 27 men under Lieut. Hoffman, of whom 11 won the badge. The regimental inspectors of ride practice of the Second Division were present, under command of Col. Valentine.

RUNNING AT PROSPECT PARK. The third annual running meeting at the

Prospect Fair Grounds was begun yesterday with good racing and a large attendance. The first race, a two-mile dash, over eight hurdles, for a purse of \$400, was wen by Longstaff's Coronet in 3:56. Freebooter won the three-quarter mile dash for two-year-olds, and Longstaff's Countess the mile heat race. Thursday will be the second day of the meeting.

BASE BALL The Atlantics of Brooklyn and the champion

Red Stockings of Boston played their fifth game of the championship series on the Union Grounds, in Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon. The Boston Club went first to the bat, and scored a run on a wild throw by O'Neil. The

GOV. BEVERIDGE RESENTS THE WINNEBAGO

COUNTY DUEL SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 7 .- Gov. Beveridge sent the following telegram to-day to the Hon. John Garver, State's Attorney, at Rockford, Ill. :

It is reported that parties from an adjoining State have wantonly violated the laws of the State of Illinois by fighting a duel in your county. I hope you will take prompt measures to vindicate the law.

JOHN L. BEVERHOGE, GOVERNOR.

FATED.

From The Detroit Free Press.

Going up Abbott-st. yesterday a man saw a boy about 11 years of age seated on the sidewalk, bare headed, in the full blaze of the scorething sun.

"Bub, you ought not to sit there?" said the man.

"Why!"

Be approximated.

"Muy f" Because you'll get all tanned up."
"Because you'll get all tanned up."
"Makes no difference to me whether I sit in the sun or the sande," sadly answered the boy; "mother tans me up aree or four times a day any how."

POLITICAL

Continued from First Page.

ture of thousands of dollars without authority of law. No nominations for State or city officials were made, but a committee of 25 was appointed to examine and scrutinize the list of Democratic and other nominations already made and to present an independent ticket at a fitture meeting. The movement to-night is distinct from the citizens' reform mass meeting held at the Maryland Institute last week, when independent nominations were made for Mayor and Sheriff of this city. As no State ticket has been put in the field by either of these independent movements, it is highly probable that the Republican State Convention, which meets at Westminster to morrow, will adopting without making nominations for State officers, and await the future action of the two reform movements.

CHOICE OF A DEMOCRATIC CHAIRMAN IN THE NORTH CAROLINA CONVENTION.

RALEIGH, Sept. 7 .- Dr. Edward Rausom, the Democratic nomines for President of the Constitutional Convention, was elected to-day on the fourteenth ballot, thus securing a Democratic organization for that body.

The election in Orange County to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of ex-Gov. Graham, takes place on the 16th inst., after which the Democrate claim an easy working majority in the Convention.

The Kings County Democratic General Committee met in Brooklyn last night, and ordered the holding of primary elections in the city wards and county towns on Friday night, to choose delegates to Assembly District Conventions to be held on Monday night, to elect delegates to the coming State and Judiciary Conventions. A resolution was adopted recommending the Gov-ernor to appoint Judge John A. Lott, of the Commission of Appeals, as the successor of the late Judge Martin Grover, of the Court of Appeals.

LOCAL ELECTION IN HOBOKEN. A special election was held in the Fourth Ward of Hoboken yesterday to all the vacancy in the Common Council caused by the expulsion of William H. Dwyer, who is at present serving a term in the County Penitentiary for stealing the pollbook of the Fourth Ward at the last Spring election. There were three can-deduces, and William H. Ellis was elected, the vote stant-ing: Augustus Streng, 104; John O'Donnell, 125; and William H. Ellis, 134. The vote was yery light.

William H. Ellis, 134. The vote was very light.

THE DISTURBANCE AT A REPUBLICAN PRIMARY.

In the report of the results of the Republican primary elections in this city, in The Tribune of Saturday, it was stated that C. P. Valentine was arrested on account of a disturbance in the XXIst Assembly District. Mr. Valentine makes the following correction:

To the Editor of The Tribune.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sin: In your report of the primary election in the XXIst Assembly District last evening, you state that I, being in an altereation with William Haw, ir., was arrested and afterward released. I beg to correct that statement by saying that it was William Haw, ir., who was arrested, on a charge of assault made by me, and that he afterward was released, I not wishing to prosecute. You will readily see the justice of making this correction. Yours respectfully.

CHARLES F. VALENTINE.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 4, 1875. New-York, Sept. 4, 1875.

THE MASSACRE IN MISSISSIPPI.

OVER PIFTY NEGROES SHOT IN COLD BLOOD-THE PECULIAR ATROCITY OF THIS AFFAIR-DEMO-CRATIC SPEAKERS ASK TO ADDRESS THE MEET-ING-THE PRIVILEGE ALLOWED-A CONGRATU-LATORY SPEECH CUT SHORT BY THE MASSACRE. MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 7 .- Additional details of the riot at Clinton, Miss., have been received. Great had been made to secure for the

mass meeting a great attendance, and to make it a perfectly orderly and successful affair. Regulations re made against the sale of liquor on the grounds. Special police were appointed by the Clinton authorities. meeting was a Republican affair, but Democratic speakers came and asked for a division of the time. In the interest of peace and good feeling their request

was granted, and a joint discussion was fixed between Judge Johnson, the Democratic candidate for ate Senator, and Capt. H. Fisher, editor of The state Senator, and Capt. II. Fisher, editor of The Jackson Daily Times. Johnson was to speak an hour: Fisher to follow for an hour and a quarter, and Johnson to close in a speech of a quarter of an hour. Judge Johnson mede a liberal and courteous speech. Capt. Fisher took the stand, and congratulated the audience on the americious opening of the campaign in the country, and expressed a hope that the same good feeling would characterize all their meetings. Capt. Fisher spoke in this strain about eight minutes, when he saw the outer portion of the crowd leaving to go to the scen spoke in this strain about eight minutes, Capt, Fishe the outer portion of the crowd leaving to go to the seen of the disturbance, which had sprong up about 58 yards distant. The speaker paused, and urges the audience to remain, but the excited words draw most of them away, and he stopped speaking to await their return in about three minutes a pistol short was fired into the crowd, then another, and in a moment apparently fifty shots were fired. The wildest conclusion ensued, and the whole rowd fled.

The negroes were totally unarmed, having been cautioned a, ainst carrying weapons.

It has aiready been told how armed white men came
from Clinton and Vicksburg and other places.
It now appears that besides the colored men
killed at the meeting, many more were shot
out-side the grounds in cold blood. Fifty colored men
were killed in this way.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER BEPCRT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Wednesday, Sept. 8—1 a. m.

Symposis for the past 24 hours.

The barometer has risen on the Atlantic Coast, and is high east of the Mississippi and upper lake region; it has fallen slowly and is lowest in the North-West; it is highest on the Middle Atlantic coast.

The temperature has fallen east and has risen west of the temperature has fallen east and has risen west of

the Missi-stipt and the upper lake region, except in the Southern States and in the South-West, where the changes have been alight.

Clear or partly cloudy weather, with light variable winds, northerly and westerly predominating, have prevailed cast of the Mississippi Valley; in and west of that valley the winds have been southerly.

The Mississippi River into fallen at stations below Cairo, and rison at stations above.

Probabilities.

For New-England, the Middle States, and lower lake region slowly falling barometer, north-cast to north-nest winds, shirling to southerly and westerly in the lower lake region and western part of the Hiddle States, clear or partly cloudy, slightly warmer weather.

For the South Atlantic States slight rise of barometer, north-west to south-west winds, high temperature, clear or partly cloudy weather, probably light rains on the southern part of the South Atlantic coast.

For the Gulf States slight rise of the barometer, southenst to south-west winds, high temperature, clear or partly cloudy weather.

For the Ohio Valley and Tennesses, slowly falling barometer, winds shiring to south-east and south-west, high temperature, clear or partly cloudy weather.

For the Open Lake region, the Upper Mississippi Valley, the Missouri Valley, and the North-West, slowly falling barometer, high temperature, south-east to south-west winds; increasing cloudiness, and local rains in the Missouri Valley.

THE STATE OF TRADZ. DOMESTIC MARKETS.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Tolkido, Sept. 7.—Flour steady with a moderate demand. Wheat dull and lower; Old No. 2 White Wabash, \$1,43; No. 3 do., \$1,29; Old No. 1 White Mechgan, \$1,40; No. 2 do., \$1,25; Extra, \$1,38; Amber Michigan, \$1,40; No. 2 do., \$1,25; Extra, \$1,38; Amber Michigan, \$1,31; edier October, \$1,32; solier November, \$1,31; Old Amber Michigan, \$1,10; No. 2 Rober Michigan, \$1,10; No. 2 Rober Michigan, \$1,10; Old do., \$1,35; No. 3 Rob, \$1,13; do Dayton and Michigan, \$1,10; Corn dull and own r-High Mixed, \$4,50; seller October, \$4,40; i.low Mixed, sciler October, \$4,40; low Mixed, sciler October, \$4,40; Oats imactive; No. 2 and Michigan, \$3,50; Rejected, \$46; Freights—Wheat to Boundo dull at 2c., to Oswego, 5c., to Kingston, 45c. Receptas—Wheat, 23,000 bush, ora, 32,000 bush; Corn, 10,000 bush; Cats, 7,000 bush; Ningston, *spit. 7.—Spitits Turpentine steady at 205c. Rosin steady at \$1,30 for Strained. Tar steady at \$1,40.

WOOL MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 7.—Wool dull; Medium and Combing grades firm; fine qualifies weak and nominal; Ohio, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia XX, and above, 45647c. X, 4.54 dic.; Medium, 30731c.; Course, 43845c.; New York, Michican, Indiana, and Western Fine, 42741c.; Medium 499 50c.; Cearse, 43845c.; Combing, Washed, 88762c.; Combine, Cowashed, 627c.; Canada Combing, 62°c.; Pine, Unwashed, 3,631c.; Course and Medium, Unwashed, 35637c.; Tub Washed, 494525c.; Colorado, Washed, 25730c.; Colorado, Unwashed, 22724c.; Ettra and Merino, Pulled, 40744c.; No. 1 and 8 sper, Pulled, 40742c.; Peras, Fine and Medium, 28230c. Texas, Coarse, 22.23c.; California, Fine and Medium, 28230c.; California, Coarse, 21.23c.

LATEST SHIP NEWS.

[For other Ship News see Second Page.]

ARRIVED.

Steamship Bothma (Br.), Moodle, Liverpoel Aug. 28, and
Gueenstown 29th, with melse, and pass, to thus, G. Francklya,
Steamship Knickerbocker, Kemble, New-Oricans Sept. 1,
with melse, and pass, to clark & saman.
Steamship Isaac Bell, Gibbs, fitchmond, City Point, and
Norfolk, with melse and pass, to Oil Dominion Steamship Co.
Steamship Nerves, Berry, Boston, with melse, and pass, to
Metropolitan Steamship Co.
Steamship Richmond, Kelly, Lewes, Del., with melse to Oil
Dominion Steamship Co. ominion steamship Co. Bart Tonsberghus (Nor.), Jacobsen, Tonsberg 42 days, in allast. Is antioned off Sandy Hook for orders. Bark Arnevig (Nor.), Ellingsen, Santander 42 days, in

milast.

Brig Nellie, Higgins, St. Croix 14 days, with sugar, ruin, &c.

Brig Sarah Crowell (of Yarmouth, N. S., Foley, St. Johns, P. Schr. Anna M. Dickenson. Tooker, Grand Turk, T. L., 13 days, with sait. Schr. Summercelle (of Squan), Churchill, Miragaone 13 days, with logwood.
Schr. Mary A. Witham, Austin, Port de Paix, Hayti, 16

days, with logwood, Schr. E. V. Glover, Morse, Georgetown, S. C., 7 days, with naval stores.

Schr. Union, Matthewson, Bangor, with lumber.

Schr. Union, Matthewson, Bangor, with lumber.

Schr. Georgia, Waiteley, Bruger, with lumber.

SAILED.

Steamships Montana, for Laverpool; Tyrian, for Glasgow; ship D. W. Chapman, for New-Orleans; barks Framtiden, for London; Ciccro, for Glasgow; Dante, for operfor, Skitamer of the Waves, for Melbourne; N. P. Nielsen, for Baotzic; Protector, for Philadelphia; briga Tubai Cain, for Marsettles; Zingara, for Gaspec.

Wind D-ounset, light, N. W.; closr.

Bark Thomas Brooks, Wangh, from St. Jago, arrived on reports Sept. 4, lat. 71 30, spoke whaling sohr. Petrel (of New-Bedford), Baker, with 85 bbls. sperm oil; expects to be home about the 12th inst.

DOMESTIC PORTS.
CHARLESTON, Sept. 7.—Arrived, bark Monitor, more.
SAVANNAN, Sept. 7.—Arrived, steamship Juniata, and schr.
T. Harris Kirk, from Philadelphia.
GALVESION, Sept. 7.—Arrived, bark New-England, from
Rostor.

Antwerp.

BALTHORE. Sept. 7.—Arrived, ateamships Elizabeth, from
New York: Richard Willing, from Philadelphia; Tuckahoe,
from New Bern, N. C.; McGropolis, from New York; bark
Vesta (Nor.), from Bristol.

ship Mosel, Neymaber, from New-York Aug. 28, arrived here at an early hour this moraling.

Halipal, N. S., Sept. 7.—The steamship Hilbernian, for Liverpool via St. Johns, N. F., salled at noon to-day.

Liverpool via St. Johns, N. F., salled at noon to-day.

London, Sept. 7.—Salled for the United States: Marchmont, Winslow, Gartsherrie, Rafael Pomar, Joseph Flab, Alma, Capt. Elicesen, Favorrie, Bossle Young, Gordon, J. P. Berg, Sarah, M. Smith, Marianna VIIIb, Chief, American Eagle, Arrived out on the 27th ult, Zanoni, Elian Maria. Arrived out on the 3rt number of the 1st unst. Danikarlas. Arrived out on the 3rt number of the 1st Gactano, Nina, Ruilla, Scionstapool. Arrived ont on the 7th inst., Good, Jenkins, Udius, last two in the Othanuci, Susset, A. Houghton, latter at Rristat; Prodomo, Minnelaha, Alice Burman, Sarah E. Kingsbury, latter at Queenstown; Carlota, and Gazelle.

DISASTERS.

Carloia, and Gazelie.

Boston, Sept. 7.—The iron propeller Lancaster, from Philadelphia for Boston, went aslore at Buikhead Shoals to-day, and remains hard and fast. Sho will probably have to be lightered before she can be floated clear off.

San Fhancisto, Sept. 7.—The fire on board the ship City of York, at Fortland, Oregoo, has been extinguished. The loss is estimated at \$6,000.

Fifthancisticitis, Sept. 7.—The tag G. W. Pride, bound up with a tow of peach barges, was run into at 9 p. m., on Monday, below Bombay, by a barge going down in tow of another tag, and is so badly damaged that she sunk near the shore up to her decks. The tag Edith went down to day to pump her out and tow her to Wilmington for repairs.

MARRIED.

BERBLAN-UNDERWOOD-At Brooklyn, Sopt. 6, by Bev. C. B. Schultt, James Berrian to Almira W. Underwood. WAT S.-JACKSON-In Princeton, N. J., Sept. 3, by Rev. Dr. Alken, Gov. Thomas H. Watts of Montgomery, Ala., to Mrs. E. C. Jackson of the same place.

All Notices of Marriages must be indorsed with full

his age.

BROWN-At Newburgh, New York, on Monday, Sept. 6, John W. Brown, in the 79th year of this age.

Funeral Wennesday, Sept. 8, at 11 a. m., from his late residence at Newburgh.

BURCKHARDT-At the Grindlewald, Switzerland, on Saturday, Aug. 21, Mary Litzaneth, daughter of Edward and Mary E. Burckhardt, in the 9 h year of her are. Mary E. Burckhardi, in the 19 h year of her age.
CLARK—In Brooklyn, on Monday, Sopt. 6, 1875, Ira A. Clark,
in the 6-th year of his age.
The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral
from his late realizace, 69 Second St., Brooklyn, E. D., on
Wednesday, Sopt. 8, at 2 p. m.
DAVENPORT—At Stamfort, Conn., on Tuesday morning
Sept. 7, 1875, of dipatheria, Georgia Elisabeth, youngest
daughter of Georgia E. and Theodore Davenport, jr., aged 5
years, 8 months, and 19 days.

DUFR-At Brockin, Sept. 6, 1875, Rev. John Duer, in the 53d year of his age. Functal from his sate residence, Fourth ave., corner of Fourteenth-st., Brooklyn, on Taursday, Sept. 9, at 2 p. m.

Funeral from his sate restence, Fourtaire, and control to the child. Brooklyn, on Taursday, sept. 3, at 2 p. m.
Evans—At Hammonton, N. J., on Monday morning, Sept. 7,
Jane, wife of a cesph P. Evans, and 57 years.
Hatleton, Penn., papers please copy.
FANCHER—Sept. 5, 1875, at El wood, near Newburgh, Mary
N., wite of Hon. Enoch L. Fancher.
MASTEN—A Vonkers, Sept. 5, Mary J. Patten, wife of Joseph
Masten of Barkhalter, Maden & Co. of New-York.
Her faneral will take place on Wednesday, the 8th inst., at 10
ofclock a.m., from her late residence, corner Bucha Vistaave, and Hudson-st., Yonkers. The remains will be taken to
ofclock and 0.0 trains from Forty-second-st.
OVEN—At Orang, N. J., on Tacaday, Sept. 7, the Rev. John

OVEN-At Orang , N. J., on Tuesday, Sept. 7, the Rev. John RUMSEY-On Sunday, 5th inst., at Pishkill on Hus-harlotte A. Rumsey, daughter of the late Dr. Jam

Romsey.

Poneral on Tuesday afternoon next, at 5 o'clock, from St.

Luke's (thurch, Matteassan.

STRANGE—at Paterson, N. J., Sept. 6, Bessie, cliest daughter of William and Libbie Strauce, agred 11 years.

Puseral ser less at broadway Reformed Church on Thurs by.

9th inst., at 11:30 o'clock am. Carriages will meet the Erratrain which leaves Twenty thirded, at 945. Chambers-st. at 10 am. Interment will take place at Tarryiowa, N. V.

WILLIAM J. B. Broadway Sept. 7, in the 50th year of her WILLIAMS-In Brooklyn, Sept. 7, in the 59th year of her age, Eliza S. Williams (daughter of the late Honekian

Functal at 2 p. m. on Wednesday from her late residence, No. 80 Fletrepont at. Special Notices.

Mrs. Winslow's Southing Syrup, for children teething, softens the gums, allays all pain, and cures wind code. Foat-times Nutles.—The MAILS FOR EUROPE for the week ending SATURDAY, Sept. 11, 1875, will close at this office as follows: On TUESDAY at 7 a.m., on WEDNESDAY at 7.30 a.m., and on SATURDAY at 11.30 a.m. T. L. JAMES, P. M.

The Equitable Life Assurance Sectety, No. 120 Broadway, is prepared to make Loans upon bond and mortgage on first class dwellings and stores in New York and Brooklyn. penses for examination of title. This Society also issues the most desirable forms of policies upon selected lives, including the Tontine Savings Fund Plan, by which, during the past aix years, surplus has been accumulated greater than by any plan heretolore practiced. The Society has assets of twenty-eight mericolor of collars, and has a case annual income of ten millions of dollars. Its average annual business during the past five years (\$44,330,658) has been greater than that of any other Company.

Advertisers dearing to gain the attention and patronage of Farmers and Agriculturists, will find THZ WEEKLY TRIBUNE the most valuable and effective modium. It now reaches more farmers, and those of a better class, than any other weekly paper published. Advertise-ments, to accure proper classification, should be handed in in or before Monday of the week of insue.

The Best Rooms for Offices in New-York .- Over half THE TRIBUNE BUILDING is now occupied by its permanent tenants. They and all their visitors units in propouncing its offices the MOST ATTRACTIVE and, all units nonneing its offices the MOST ATTRACTIVE and, all utings consilered, the CHEAFEST in town. Contrary to the general expectation, the building proves to be much the lightest of all the large outsides in the city. All the rooms are beautifully amissed in hard wood main. There are degand gas-fixtures, heat and water in every room. All are exceedingly light and arry, are perfectly ventilated, have outside windows, and communicate directly with the elevators, and nearly all have independent entrances from the ball. The elevators run side by such, and belt are in good working order. They are kept running from 8 ordeck in the morning till long after minight. Reads on very favorable terms. Application should be made at TME TRIBUNE Counting room.

Ot Interest to Advertisers bought of the various morning papers as follows:

It will be seen that the American News Company bought considerably more Taibunes than it did Worlds and Times put

ogether, and that the New-York News Company also bought This is about a fair average comparison of the relative pur-chases for some months past. There has been no time this year in which the daily circulation of THE TRIBLES was not equal to the combined daily circulations of The World and Times, in which its semi-weekly circulation was not quadruple the combined semi-weekly circulations of The World and Times, and in which its weekly circulation was not out of and Times. On the combined we kly directiations of The World and Times. On the 10th of April two of the best known ad

vertising agents in the country prepared the following card:
We the undersigned have examined the books of THE THE
UNK, the Foreman of its Press Room, the daily reports, etc., and are entirely satisfied, and do certify that the entire circu 1,254,625 complete copies, making in secrage daily circulation for the month of 46,467, and that the entire circulation of the Dally Thibune for the month of April, up to and in-cluding this day, was 457,820 complete copies, making the average daily circulation for the month of April, thus far, 50,888 complete copies.

S. M. PETTENGILL,

50.868 complete copies. New York, April 10, 1875. HEMAN BURE. The figures above given remained singularly stable through

out the past mouth. The average daily circulation of Taintune for the whole mouth was 50.168. The following extract from the official report of the Postmaster of the City of New-York to the Postmaster-General, giving the amount of postage paid by each paper in the m of January, 1875, on its regular editions, sent from the New York Post office to its regular subscribers, further illustrated

the relative circulations:

It will be seen, therefore, that the circulation of THE TH ME through the mails is greater than that of The Herold and